

structed to urge their delegations to

a gentleman high up in the counsellor Blaine faction in the Chicago Convention, the following points were learned to-morrow: General satisfaction is felt in having Blaine's interest in hand as a display of forbearance on the part of the California delegation in managing

interests on the floor of the assembly. Through the efforts of the leading party, and the able management of the Californians, they have so supported the Blaine movement in the assembly as to cause no ill-feeling on the part of other candidates. Their tactics have been, so they claim, in keeping with the feelings of Blaine, as represented here by his friends. It was Blaine's desire that

In deference to these wishes, the members of the California delegation when convention first met sought out other delegations, and with great efficiency and the acquiescence of the authorities

to vote for other candidates as long as they had any show. That this was evidenced by one of the most roll-calls ever known in a national convention. But five States cast votes continuously, the others being split. The delegation, Dakota, gave each candidate in nomination one vote and fifteen thereby causing great amusement to who knew the meaning of the vote.

who knew the meaning of the move-
w's managers now think the time has
for them to assert themselves. They
to have given the other candidates
opportunity to secure the nomination.
convention has been balloting since
day morning, and they think that it
has been clearly demonstrated that neither
Allen, Gresham, Harrison, Allison or
have the faintest chance. So at the
beginning of the convention it is com-

session of the convention, it is com-
monly expected that the Blaine men will
and their candidate's nomination, and
their full strength.

MORNING SESSION.

**Binley Withdraws—Two Ballots
Taken—No Choice.**

CHICAGO, June 23.—[By the Associated

When the convention met this morning, the usual rumors of combinations in the air as thick as blackbirds, Col. G. Ingersoll did not appear in the crowd. His name was on many lips, and his interrupted speech of last night appeared to have irreparably damaged Gresham, although that candidate's

is refused to admit this, and claimed the convention must come to him usually. But as the time for the meeting of the Gresham movement was almost lost sight of in the conflict of opinion the great fight pending between Har- and Allison.

the hall it was rumored that Quay had won over by Senator Cameron to the movement, and that the delegates turned to the Iowa favorite after two ballots, in which they would stand by him.

By Chairman ESTEE calling upon Senator Warner Miller of New York to propose a resolution.

Bishop Samuel Fallows of Chicago denied the invocation.

The convention after the prayer proceeded to the first ballot of the day and the close of the convention.

M'KINLEY WITHDRAWS.

Just after the vote of Connecticut had

announced, McKinley arose and with his name in the following speech: "I am here as one of the chosen representatives of my State. I am here by resolution of the Republican convention, passed without dissenting voice, commanding me to cast my vote for John Sherman, and to use every effort to endeavor for his nomination. I ac-

ed the trust because my heart and judgment were in accord with the letter and purpose of that resolution. It pleased certain delegates to cast their votes for me. I am not insensible to the honor they would do me, but in the presence of my duty resting upon me, I cannot contentedly, with credit to the State whose interests I bear, and which has trusted me; and I cannot, with honorable fidelity to John

man, who has trusted me with his
e and with his confidence; I cannot,
sistently with my own views of my per-
integrity, even seem to consent to
ait my name to be used as a candidate
re this convention. I would not re-
t myself if I could find it in my heart
y or permit to be done that which
d ever be the ground for any one to sus-
that I wavered in my loyalty to Ohio

McKinley spoke earnestly and with emphasis. He was evidently sincere, and the convention, at the conclusion of his little speech, generously applauded.

her incidents until Illinois was reached, in the break of three votes from Gresham Harrison created a sensation, and was received with a demonstration of hisses and applause.

When New York was reached the galleries hissed after the vote of the State was given, Harrison getting 59 votes. One of the delegates demanded a poll of the delegation. The roll showed no change and

ballot proceeded. It was shown in addition to the expected gain for Harrison there was a very decided growth in the free vote, which comes chiefly from the north. The Pennsylvania vote still stood for Sherman, he getting 53 of the 60 votes in that State. This was part of the Quay programme to beat Harrison. The Wisconsin swing to Harrison was as follows:

The result of the ballot was as follows:
Fourth Ballot.
 Herman..... 236
 Harrison..... 217
 Porter..... 185
 Wilson..... 88
 Line..... 43
 Asham..... 38
 Keolin..... 1
 Kinlev (withdrawn)..... 11

THE VOTE BY STATES.

Alabama—Alger 10, Harrison 1, Sher-
man 8.
Arkansas—Alger 14.
California—Blaine 16.
Colorado—Allison 2, Gresham 3, Harri-
son 1.

Connecticut—Alger 1, Allison 3, Gresham 1,
 McKinley 1.
 Delaware—Gresham 1, Harrison 5.
 Georgia—Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Lincoln
 Sherman 19.
 Florida—Alger 4, Harrison 2, Sherman 2.
 Illinois—Gresham 41, Harrison 3.
 Indiana—Harrison 30.
 Iowa—Allison 26.
 Kentucky—Alger 3, Allison 2, Blaine 1,

esham 2, Harrison 6, Sherman 10, Fred
 uglas 1, Foraker 1—
 Louisiana—Alger 3, Allison 2, Gresham 2,
 erman 9.
 Maine—Alger 3, Allison 4, Gresham 1,
 Harrison 2, Sherman 2.
 Maryland—Allison 2, Harrison 6, Shan-
 an 6.
 Massachusetts—Alger 8, Allison 2, Harri-
 son 8, Gresham 1, McKinley 2, Sherman 7.

Michigan—Alger 26.
Minnesota—Alger 2, Gresham 5, Harrison 7.
Mississippi—Blaine 1, Gresham 2, Harrison 14.
New York—Harrison 50, Blaine 2, Sherman 1. [The New York delegation was evenly polled. In the poll Platt voted for Harrison.]

[Continued on Fourth Page]

TALKS WITH CITIZENS.

Real-estate Craze.—"We have come out of the real-estate craze of last year a good deal better than I expected," remarked a business gentleman of Los Angeles the other day. "Things generally now are in pretty good shape, and the business interests of the country are in a healthier state than they were a few months ago. On the whole, I think the outlook is encouraging, and lively times will be ours again next fall."

Lawyer.—"There is a great deficiency in the court accommodation in this city. It takes months to get a case tried. Justice King's court was intended as a relief, but it is really more of a nuisance than anything else. It is in a miserable little room upstairs, furnished with half a dozen rickety chairs. The Justice frequently has to stand, and when he sits he has to do his writing upon his knee. Such provisions for the dispensation of justice are not in keeping with the dignity of a city like Los Angeles. Justice King maintains that he is accustomed to practice in higher courts, but has not familiarized himself with the practices in justice courts. It will be indispensably necessary for him to do so, in order to administer justice. A Justice ought to be a jurist. Most important questions frequently come before Justices for decision. A Justice's court is a people's court, and Justice should be administered there cheaply, correctly, and without delay. Regarding the condition of some of our Justice's courts, the less said the better. They are simply rotten and disgraceful. The Superior courts are much overcrowded, and the law's delays are exemplified to an exasperating extent. There is one particular case which is loudly complained of. This is the rendering of an *ex parte* order for an extension of time, in cases where there is no valid defense, simply for delay, thus preventing creditors from speedily collecting their debts. Such favors are not contemplated, without restrictions, by the code and are not granted elsewhere. As an example of what I mean, let me instance a case: A complaint is filed on a promissory note. The time to answer or appear is about to expire. Some unknown attorney applies to a judge for an *ex parte* order, extending the time 10 or 30 days. He gets such extension. When that time expires, without any notice to the opposite side, he goes to another judge, applies for and gets another 10 or 30 days, and thus delays the time, without any valid defense. When the extension expires he files a *demurrer*, which is to be argued in the near future. The *demurrer* is reached, after while, overruled and 10 days given to answer. These 10 days expire and the first tactics are renewed. The lawyer runs to a judge, always without notice to the plaintiff's attorney—simply asks for 10 days' more extension and gets it. The judge smiles benignly as the lawyer retires, to renew his application again, when that time is up. Thus the plaintiff is delayed, before issue is joined. After that, the cause gets on the calendar, and has to take its long time before it is reached for trial, at which time other excuses and delays are interposed to procrastinate the day of judgment. The lawyers for the defendant do not even take the trouble to file affidavits to show cause for the delays, or to give notice to the opposite side, in accordance with the statutes. The plaintiff is consequently, frequently in the dark as to whether the defendant is in default or not. All this time—in cases where an attachment of property has been made—the plaintiff is under heavy expense. This is not an exceptional case which I have instance, but a common practice in Los Angeles. It is a most disgraceful state of affairs, and calculated to bring law and justice into disrepute. During over 30 years of legal practice, in various sections of the United States, I can safely say I have never found a city where a similar state of affairs existed to such an extent as here."

Dines and Dine.—"I have been a police officer off and on for years, and I think I have seen a good deal of wickedness of various kinds, but of all the wickedness that any officer ever attempted to check I think the wickedness about a dive where men and women of the lowest type hold forth on a small stage, and sell the vilest of liquor between acts, is the worst. There are not many places of that kind in this city, but there are enough to demoralize the youth, and many of the young men about town are going to the dogs as fast as possible, through the channels of these sin traps. There are but few people of respectability in this city who know what is going on after 8 or 9 o'clock at night, but could they make the rounds with me some night, they would come to the conclusion that a large number of young men in this city should be closely watched by their employers. It is not an uncommon thing to see young men who hold responsible places, carousing in the places at all hours of the night. I have seen them drinking with the low actresses of these dens until they were so drunk that it was almost impossible for them to find their way to a barber shop that had just opened. They would fall into a barber's chair, swallow some kind of a drug that would sober a man, and after being rubbed and shaved they would stumble to their place of business and attempt to do a day's work. I know several young men in this city who spend all the money they can get hold of in this way, and the time will come sooner or later when those who lead that kind of a life must either go to prison or leave the city in disgrace, as did a prominent county official a year ago. I am surprised to see that the Board of Police Commissioners have made a business that is so demoralizing to our young men."

A County Official.—"Before the convention met at Chicago, and indeed for some time during the taking of ballots, I was hopelessly expecting that Gresham would make the running. Now, however, the indications are that his opponents have a little fling, his nomination has served a purpose probably, and he will now be quietly dropped. I am sorry for it myself, for I believe Gresham to be in every sense of the word a capable man, possessing the ability to fill with dignity the responsible position to which the people have elected him, and, furthermore, he would not have aroused the bitterness of feeling that I presume will be inevitable if a more prominent man is chosen by the convention. Of course, I speak of Gresham simply as my personal selection, but all the men who are in the race are statesmen in the fullest sense of the word, and whoever may be chosen by the convention is bound to be a man who will receive the hearty endorsement of the Republican party throughout the length and breadth of the land."

Political.—"I do not think that there ever was a time when more general interest was felt in regard to the success of the two great parties than at present," remarked a gentleman on Saturday who is an earnest student of political affairs. "The Democracy are aware that defeat in the present Presidential campaign means their retirement from the place of power for the remainder of the century. And Republicans are fully awake to the necessity of earnest action. They realize that indifference would be a crime. They see the danger that threatens the country in the shape of the free-trade principles of the Democratic party. And they haven't any faith in Cleveland either. A man who has so recklessly disregarded his public pledges and violated his political obligations is not a safe man to be retained in power. If the Republican party make a wise choice of candidates at Chicago, I think the prospect for success in November is as good as could be wished for. The next President of the United States will be a Republican."

Prof. J. H. Lewis.—"I came to California two years ago, broken in health, but the climate of this section has made a well man of me," said Prof. Lewis on Saturday. "In consideration of that I ought to like the country, and I do. And I see that society is changing here. I find a good deal more appreciation of fine art here than when I came. Los Angeles is rapidly developing an art atmosphere. I think that I shall be able to make a living among your people, for I am receiving a good deal of encouragement. I find some difference between the interpretations of American and English artists. I did not expect to find the best there is in art on this frontier of the continent, but still I do find a good deal of appreciation of the best masters."

Our Sixth-street Park.—"The permission granted by the Council which allows the visiting Odd Fellows who are to be here next September to camp upon the grass in the Sixth-street Park during the 30 days of their stay in Los Angeles is simply an outrage upon the public, and ought not to be permitted," remarked a prominent physician the other evening. "Ten days of camp life there will ruin the appearance of the park, which is now such an ornament

to the city. The public should protest against it, and see that it is prevented. It has taken months of labor, and a large amount of money has been expended in beautifying this park, and it is not right or fitting that all that has been done should be destroyed in this way. There is no necessity that Los Angeles should sacrifice her only beautiful park in order to express her hospitality to these visitors, and it is a bad precedent to establish. A protest, strong enough not to be misunderstood, should be made by the public, which should lose no time in making itself heard in this matter."

Those Brick and Terra-cotta Works.—"That was an interesting article," *Times* published about those terra-cotta works," said a resident gentleman of Los Angeles one day last week. "Really, I did not know that Los Angeles possessed such an establishment until I read it in the *Times*. Have you seen the cold-storage warehouse? That is a wonderful thing for this section, too. I went through the place the other day, and I was astonished and delighted at what I saw there. I watched the process by which the food was manufactured, and then saw how the cold air was distributed through the building by means of pipes, in the same manner that steam is carried. I took the greatest interest in going through that great building, into the various rooms, and the establishment is an important feature in our industries. You ought to go and see it. It would repay any one to make a visit to it."

Elizian Park.—"That is a queer move of the Council's in taking back and disposing of as they see fit a part of the domain once donated and set apart as a public park," remarked a gentleman the other day. "Their action is also strictly illegal. They cannot lawfully take back what has been given away, and the right by which they claim to do so is going to be contested."

Medical.
ETHIOPIAN
NEVER FAILS TO CURE ITCHING, INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL PILES.
50 CTS PER BOTTLE.
PILE OINTMENT
RANGUM ROOT LINIMENT
CURES SPRAINS, BRUISES, RHEUMATISM, SORE THROAT, SPAIN, SPLINT, RINGBONE, EPIZOOTIC, ETC. 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

HODGES' SARSAPARILLA
CURES RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.
\$1 PER BOTTLE, 6 FOR \$5.
TANNERS' INFALLIBLE NEURALGIA CURE
CURES ALL FORMS OF NEURALGIA, NERVOUS HEADACHE. 50 CTS PER BOX.
MADE BY
RANGUM ROOT MED. CO.
NASHVILLE, TENN.

Dr. STEINHART'S
ESSENCE OF LIFE!
ESTABLISHED SINCE 1875.
This great strengthening remedy and nerve tonic positively cures Nervous and Physical Weakness, Debility, and all the ills that attend a weak and nervous system. No matter in what manner they may occur, Weakness, Lost Nerve, and all the evil effects of Prostration, and all the evil effects of youthful follies and excesses.
A PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED.
PRICES:
\$2.50 Per Bottle in Liquid or Pills, or Five for \$10.

DR. STEINHART,
109, N.W. cor. First & Spring,
ROOM 12, OPP. NADRAU HOUSE.
Office Hours—9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 6 to 7:30 p.m.; Sunday, 10 to 12 o'clock.
N.B.—For the convenience of patients, and in order to insure perfect secrecy, I have provided a private entrance, under which all packages are forwarded.

Bicycles.
For Recreation, for Business, for Fun, RIDE WHEELS.
The best is the cheapest, and we are prepared to show you that.

THE VICTORS
ARE THE BEST
Bicycles, Tricycles
—AND—
Safety Bicycles
In the World. Illustrated catalogue free.
P. L. ABEL, 80 S. Spring Street.

KRAUSE'S
Wood Wheel \$3.00
Steel Wheel \$7.00
LARGE ASSORTMENT ALL PRICES.
At W. S. Allen's Furniture and Carpet Store
32 S. Spring Street.

CALIFORNIA SAUCE.
The Best in the World.
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

LUMBER.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
LUMBER.

WILLAMETTE STEAM MILLS
LUMBERING AND MANUFACTURING CO.
(Formerly the Oregon Lumber Co.)
OREGON PINE AND CALIFORNIA REDWOOD LUMBER
Of every description at their new yard
ON DATE, CHRYSE AND MISSION STS.
Particular attention paid to orders for unusual lengths and dimensions. Orders so-
lided. J. A. RUSE, Agent.
D. R. ROSELL. A. ROSELL.

ROZELL BROS.
DEALERS IN
Lumber and Building Material
Yard corner Main and Jefferson Sts.,
Telephone No. 745. Los Angeles, Cal.
J. A. HENDERSON, President.
J. R. BROWN, Vice-President and Treas.
W. F. MARSHALL, Secretary
—SOUTHERN—
CALIFORNIA LUMBER COMPANY
LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL
Office and yard 148 S. First St., Los Angeles, Cal.

REDUCTION
In Price of Lumber!
Common Lumber, per 1000 feet. \$30.00
Surfaced and 2 in. G., per 1000 feet. 42.00
Shingles, common, per 4 bundles. 3.50
Shingles, fancy, per 4 bundles. 6.00
Laths, 4 1/2 feet, per M. 5.25

Los Angeles Storage Commission and Lumber Co.,
H. MILLER, Manager,
San Pedro St., between 4th and 5th.
NEW HOUSE.
Wagon Material, Hard Woods,
Iron, Steel, Horseshoes and Nails,
Blacksmith's Coal and Tools,
Cabinet Woods, Etc.
JOHN WIGMORE & CO.,
13 & 14 S. Los Angeles Street.
ARIZONA WOOD COMPANY,
—DEALERS IN—
Cordwood and Pine Kindling.

Yards, cor. Georgia and Garey Sts.
S. G. LAPHAM. TREASURER
CLARK & HUMPHREYS,
(Successors to T. WALSH),
—DEALERS IN—
LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL,
San Pedro Street, near Seventh.
P. O. BOX 125. TELEPHONE 117.
THE W. H. PERBY
LUMBER AND MANUFACTURING CO.'S
LUMBER YARD AND PLANING-MILLS
Commercial Street.

Banks.
CALIFORNIA BANK,
Cor. Fort and Second sts., Los Angeles.
Subscribed Capital. \$200,000
Paid-up Capital. \$200,000
DIRECTORS:
Hervey Lindley, J. G. Kaye, E. W. Jones,
Josh. Bernard, J. Frankenberg,
H. G. Newhall, J. E. Vetter, J. E. Williams,
H. C. Wiltner. Vice-President
T. J. Weldon, Cashier.
General Banking and Exchange Business
transacted.

FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK
OF LOS ANGELES
J. H. HILLMAN, President.
L. C. GOODWIN, Vice-President.
Capital and Reserve Fund. \$500,000
Total. \$1,000,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS—O. W. Childs, Camer-
on, R. Thom, Jose Masacore, J. B. Lankers-
him, John R. Griffin, Chas. Ducommun, Phil-
lip Gardner, Lattie W. Bellman, L. C. Goodwin,
Stockholders—O. W. Childs, Phillip Gar-
dner, L. C. Goodwin, Jose Masacore, J. B. Lan-
kershim, L. C. Goodwin, John R. Griffin,
J. R. Rose, Domingo Anestry, Cameron E.
Harris, Chas. Ducommun, Lattie W. Bellman,
P. C. Baker, Andrew Gissell, Louis Gissell,
Frank Lacourver, Oliver H. Bliss, Jacob
Henne, Sarah J. Lee.
GEN. M. ROBERTSON, JOHN EYBOSCH, SR.,
President. Vice-President.
F. C. MOORE, Cashier.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY,
No. 34 North Main St., Los Angeles.
CAPITAL. \$500,000
SAVINGS. \$500,000
DIRECTORS:
W. G. Goodwin, Col. R. H. Marston,
W. H. C. O'Brien, J. C. Hovey,
F. M. G. O'Brien, J. C. Hovey,
J. H. Hovey, J. C. Hovey,
J. C. Hovey, J. C. Hovey.
Exchange for sale on all the Principal Cities
of the United States and Europe.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF LOS ANGELES.
CAPITAL STOCK. \$200,000
SURPLUS. \$170,000
J. F. FINCH. President
J. M. ALLIOTT. Cashier
DIRECTORS:
J. P. JACKSON, J. F. CRANK, H. MABERRY,
E. F. SPANCO, J. M. RIGGOLD, W. H. MOOT.

THE CHILDRESS SAFE DEPOSIT BANK,
37 SOUTH SPRING STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.
Cash Capital. \$100,000.
Protected by a chrome steel vault, the finest
in Southern California.
Safe deposit and general banking business.
Taxes rented, \$2 to \$50 a year. Inspection
invited.

FRASER
TELEPHONE.
SOLD OUTRIGHT.
PRICE. \$25.00
PUT UP COMPLETE.
NO RENT! NO ROYALTIES!
First cost paid in advance. No battery
to keep in order.
—CALL ON THE INVENTOR, OR—
T. H. RHODES, ELECTRICIAN,
20 South Main Street,
Los Angeles, Cal.

ELEVATORS.
—P. CAHILL,
Machinist and Engineer.
Builder of Elevators for passenger and
freight service. Elevators and hoists built
and repaired. San Francisco, Cal.
Old-Nashville House, Los Angeles.

J. M. HALE & CO.,
7 and 9 North Spring Street.

THE MILLENNIUM HAS NOT COME, BUT BOTTOM
prices at 7 and 9 North Spring street can be found on
every counter. We are not offering a yard of "two-bit"
material and a bottle of "three-for-a-quarter" cologne,
"all for 50 cents"; on the contrary, no "chromos" will ever
be given by us as an inducement to purchasers. We give
our customers the credit of recognizing values, and we give
them values. For the next 40 days we institute a new de-
parture—\$25,000 worth of merchandise at almost half cost
—not at a profit of 25, 20, 15, 10 or even 5 per cent., but
strictly as represented. For example, we have placed in our
south show window 100 pieces of fancy French suitings—
100 pieces by actual count—which cost 37 1/2 c. direct from the
manufacturer, and which are sold in every other store at the
present time at 50c. and 60c. per yard. Two-thirds of 37 1/2 c.
is 25c., and at this price we expect to close out the entire
line, worth over double the price asked. For general de-
scription see appended list. We will give you this same
day, Wednesday, June 27th, silk ribbons at two-thirds cost,
Hamburg embroideries at two-thirds cost, bargains in every
line less than cost, and this great reduction for 40 days. Ex-
amine summer wash goods, hosiery, furnishing goods, rib-
bons, embroideries, domestics, bathing flannels, dress goods,
bathing suits, dusters, light-weight walking jackets, etc.

J. M. HALE & CO.,
Wednesday, June 27th,
7 AND 9 NORTH SPRING STREET.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!
8,000 yards—our south show window filled completely
with the finest assortment of imported suitings that we have
ever offered at any one time; 2000 yards fancy stripes, 2000
yards broken plaids, 2000 yards fancy mixed, 2000 yards
heather suitings, all at 25c. per yard, 25c. per yard, 25c.
per yard, 25c. per yard, two-thirds cost. Woven-interwoven
threads, crosswise, lengthwise; raised silken stripes, present-
ing a beautiful appearance not excelled by any foreign im-
portation. The broken plaids are 38 inches wide and all
wool. The fancy stripes are two-thirds wool, the other third
being about evenly divided in silk and cotton. Sold every-
where in Los Angeles at 50c. and 60c.; 38 and 40 inches
wide. We sell these goods simply to make room, which we
must have.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!
1500 yards, 46 inches wide, Brilliantines, known by
almost every one as the silk-lustered Sicilians, at 50c. per
yard. Others ask for same goods in this city \$1. We will
close out 34 pieces; steel grays, black, golden brown, tans,
and the latest shade from foreign markets, the incomparable
beaumont gray, a shade between gray and lilac. The full
line can be seen in the north window, and we invite particu-
lar attention to the quality, colors, etc. Our prices for
Wednesday, June 27th, 50c. per yard, worth \$1.

RIBBONS! RIBBONS! RIBBONS!
200 pieces, 2000 yards, No. 7 all-silk gros grain ribbons,
in the following colors and shades: Lilac, pink, apple green,
royal shrimp, lavender, pea green, cherry, mahogany, brick
dust, tobacco, seal, golden tan, scarlet, drab, maderia. This
full and complete line at 6c. per yard, 6c. per yard. Never
sells less than 15c. and 20c. All silk and a very pretty loop
edge, much prettier than the pic edge. It seems almost an
impossibility to sell at one-half cost, but we propose to do it
at our expense. All surplus stock must go.

EMBROIDERIES! EMBROIDERIES!
1000 yards of fine quality Hamburg Embroideries at
3c. per yard, 3c. per yard. Two and three inches in width.
Our two-cent-line sold out entirely last Wednesday, and we
have about 1000 yards left of our five-cent quality which we
will close out at 3c. per yard, every yard worth 10c. This
will probably wind up this line for the season.

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS!
3000 yards white check Nainsooks at 6c. per yard. Noth-
ing more suitable for children's dresses, ladies' dresses, etc.

SUMMER WASH GOODS.
3000 yards Chambrays, in pink, gray, blue, striped and
plain, at 9c. per yard, 9c. per yard. Sold everywhere at 12 1/2 c.

SUMMER WASH GOODS.
We will close out about 1000 yards fancy and plain Al-
batross at 9c. per yard. Will wash and do up prettier than
a crinkled seersucker. 1000 yards at 9c. per yard; good
value at 15c.

SUMMER SILKS! SUMMER SILKS!
All that is left of our line of 90-cent Summer Silks we will
close out at 60c. Half-inch checks, in black and white,
gobelin and white, brown and white, and several other de-
sirable combinations. Your chance to buy a silk dress.

LADIES' SUMMER UNDERWEAR!
25 dozen Geneva Lisle-thread Vests in pink and blue
mixed at 35c. apiece for this day only. Reduced from 45c.
Good sizes. Something which cannot be equaled.

SUMMER WASH GOODS!
1000 yards Victoria Lawns at 10c. per yard. Sells for 15c.
regularly.

REMNANTS! REMNANTS!
\$1000 worth of remnants in dress goods, calicoes, ging-
hams, white goods, flannels, at a grand reduction from mar-
ket prices of 20 per cent. This means at exact cost.

REMNANTS! REMNANTS!
2000 remnants fine embroideries, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5-yard
lengths at a grand reduction of 20 per cent. from remnant
prices. Your chance for embroideries.

J. M. HALE & CO.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27th.
7 and 9 N. Spring St.

Real Estate.

FOR SPOT CASH.
Two lots in Angeles Heights
have been placed in my
hands for sale at
\$1000 EACH.
These lots belong to a
non-resident, who must realize.
—APPLY TO—
E. E. HALL, 44 N. Spring St.

THE FRUIT FARMS ABOUT THE TOWN
—FORM A SOLID BASIS—
WILDOMAR
—OF—
THE LIVE RAILROAD TOWN
—OF—
ELSINORE LAKE COLONY
—FREE FROM—
Graham & Collier
SOUTH PASADENA, OR WILDOMAR, CAL.
Lakeland is a beautiful suburb of this place.
Wildomar lots and lands are not a venture, but
an investment in a well-watered, well-improved,
thriving town, never boomed and never slumped.
A partnership on the ground floor to improvers.
TWO CHURCHES -- ONE SCHOOL -- NO SALOONS

WATER!
Well-boring Machinery.
WATER! WATER!
—STEAM—
Well-boring Machinery
Built especially for Southern California.
MONTGOMERY & GRANT,
288 N. Los Angeles St.,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.
Agricultural Implements, Wagons,
AND BUGGIES.

WORKS:
SAN FERNANDO & RAILROAD STS.
—AND—
MAGDALENA AVE.
Los Angeles Pipe Manufacturing Co.
JED HOOKER & CO.
RIVETED SHEET IRON WATER PIPE
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

TERMS OF THE TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

RECEIVED BY CARRIERS:
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, per week, \$3.00
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, per month, \$8.00
 BY MAIL, POST PAID:
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, per week, \$3.00
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, per month, \$8.00
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, per quarter, \$22.50
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, per year, \$84.00
 WEEKLY, per year, \$2.00

THE TIMES is the only morning newspaper published in Los Angeles that owns the exclusive right to publish the "Graphic" "night report" of the Associated Press. Its great and news-gathering organization is the world's most complete and reliable for a long time of years.

SUBSCRIBERS, when writing to have the address of their paper changed, should also state the former address.

CORRESPONDENCE solicited from all quarters. Timely local topics and news of the preference. One side of the sheet only, with the other side reserved for the private information of the Editor.

THE TIMES-MIRROR TELEPHONES:
 Editorial Office, No. 29
 Business Office, No. 674
 Times-Mirror Printing House, No. 453

Address THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,
 TIMES BUILDING,
 N. E. cor. First and Post sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER,
 MAY 10, 1879, POST OFFICE AT LOS ANGELES, CALIF.,
 UNDER NO. 253,000.

The Times.

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,
 President and General Manager.
 C. C. ALLEN, Vice-President and Asst. Manager.
 Wm. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

THE TIMES has a larger bona-fide circulation than any other newspaper published in Southern California.

THE TIMES prints today

241

Small Classified Advertisements.

To Printers—For Sale.

The following machinery and materials being no longer required for use in this office, are offered for sale:

(1) A Campbell two-revolution, single-cylinder newspaper press, in good order, suit-able for a six-column quarto or a nine-column folio paper.
 (2) A Forsyth folding machine, capable of rapid newspaper work.
 (3) A lot of newspaper and job-imposing stones, in fair condition.
 (4) Two lots of good news print, 30x4 and 24x36 inches, respectively.
 Inquire of or address
 THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Our Shotgun Campaign.

A fresh lot of "weapons" has been ordered by telegraph, to meet orders for the Mirror Premium Shotgun. The campaign has opened. If you want to enlist, apply at the recruiting office, Times Building.

THE TIMES business office will be open to the public every night until 10 o'clock.

THE Times Branch Office in Pasadena is located at Beardsley's stationery store, 264 East Colorado street, where advertisements and subscriptions will be received by A. A. Sparks.

Mosses never made as big a mistake as Bob Ingersoll did, when he dragged in Gresham's name at the end of his speech.

OUR neighbor, the Express, publishes an interesting account of its new double-cylinder Hoe press—a good machine, well adapted to its needs.

WHATEVER may be the outcome of the convention, they will probably have to take an Ohio man, Sherman, Foraker, McKim and Allison are all Ohio men.

WE will venture to affirm that the premeditated attempt to stampede the Chicago man tomorrow will not be such a brilliant success as the stampede of the Chicago man yesterday.

THE "mass convention" of the American party in Alameda county, at which 31 persons were present, may be taken as numerically representative of the strength of that movement.

THE latest rumor from Chicago is that Gresham has not been withdrawn, but that his friends will be on hand for him Monday morning, bright and early, prepared to keep his name before the convention.

It sounds rather like an Irish bull to say that a man is out of the race who has a larger vote than any other candidate. John Sherman still "stands on the burning deck." His time may come before tomorrow night.

THERE is no truth in the report that McKim has left for Alaska, to get away from telegraphic communication. He will stay in the convention and fight for John Sherman as long as the Senator has the ghost of a chance.

In our "Talks with Citizens" today is an interesting interview with a lawyer regarding the unnecessary, irksome and illegal delays permitted by the courts of this city, which tend to defeat the ends of justice.

WE don't know whether Judge Fitzgerald could be prevailed upon to accept the position—we apprehend he can not—but there is no doubt that he would make a district attorney "as is" a district attorney—such an one as Los Angeles county very much needs.

JOHN SHERMAN's strength is so great that it has induced a combination of the field against him. This can scarcely be characterized as a chivalric move. Sherman's votes are not the result of an artificially hatched boom, but the gradual and natural growth of public sentiment in his favor, based on his character and attainments. A combination for the purpose of rendering this popular expression nugatory avers of an attempt to defeat the will of the people for personal ends.

LONDON advises state that great interest is taken there in the proceedings of our convention. The London Times publishes bulletins every few minutes, and has a big notice in front of the office, announcing its clubbing arrangement with the Los Angeles Times, "the leading journal of America." The London Times thinks Young Haymond, the Benito Boy, has a good chance to be appointed Deputy President.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

Two more ballots taken at Chicago without a choice. The outlook for the convention on Monday. The business portion of Holbrook, Ariz., destroyed by fire. Emperor William II to be crowned October 18th. William Keyes convicted of manslaughter at Nevada City. More evidence in the Graham murder trial at Santa Cruz. New excursion rates to the East. Yesterday's baseball games. Races at Sheepshead Bay. The Lakopet stage robbed. Proceedings in the House. Deaths from sunstroke in eastern cities. Emperor of Norfolk wins the Derby at Chicago. Blaine's movements. Large fire at Sierra Vista. Sculling race near Victoria, B. C. A bulletin from Gen. Sherman. The Reichstag to be opened with elaborate ceremonies tomorrow. A convict in the Oregon State Prison shot dead by a guard.

An Interesting Situation.

Another twenty-four hours has passed, and we are still as much in the dark as to the outcome of the Republican Convention as we were yesterday. The name of the successful man—and consequently the next President of the United States—is still a mystery of the future.

Up to Friday evening, three ballots had been taken, giving no candidate besides John Sherman a large advantage in the number of votes. Depew had withdrawn, and we foreshadowed the intention of the New York delegation to cast their vote for Harrison on the morrow. This forecast proved true. The fourth ballot was looked forward to with great eagerness and anxiety. It was expected by many that it would determine the fate of the battle, or, at least, that it would indicate clearly who was to be the winning man. When New York was reached, on the roll-call, the State gave 51 votes to Harrison, 24 to Blaine and 1 to Sherman. This placed Harrison near the front, with 217 votes, the others with more than a hundred votes being, Sherman, 236, and Alger, 135. A fifth ballot was at once taken, which resulted in no important change, Sherman having 224, Harrison 213 and Alger 112. The anti-Harrison delegates then brought on a motion for adjournment until 4 o'clock, at which time a further adjournment was taken until Monday morning. The loss of four votes by Harrison on the fifth ballot and the decided majority by which the adjournment was carried—492 to 320—seems to have been accepted as an indication that the strength of Harrison, who was supposed to be the coming man, was not sufficient to elect him.

A marked feature of the balloting was Gresham's decided falling off to 98 votes on the fourth and 87 on the fifth ballot. Before the convention met he was considered by many as the strongest man in the field, having the enthusiastic support of two leading Chicago papers. The bad break made by Bob Ingersoll on the previous evening, in his speech delivered just after the adjournment, in which he took upon himself to make an appeal for Gresham, acted as a boomerang and injured his cause. Alger has made a steady though gradual advance with every ballot, standing, at the close, third upon the list.

When the convention adjourned in the evening it was a scene of great excitement. The outlook was not brilliant for an agreement. The deadlock promised by the Blaine boomers had apparently arrived. It was evidently necessary to make some attempt to bring order out of chaos, and the committee, whose formation in the interest of harmony we mentioned a few days ago, at once assembled to take the complicated situation into consideration and endeavor to find a feasible path out of the labyrinth. A subcommittee, consisting of ten friends of prominent candidates, was appointed to consider and present to the conference committee a ticket which, if the members saw fit, they could report back to their delegations with a recommendation that they support it. This subcommittee at once went into session, and the proceedings, which are described in a graphic and detailed manner in our telegraph columns, were interesting and remarkable in the highest degree. The first thing done was the proposed withdrawal of Gresham by his friends. The committee then undertook to decide that John Sherman was a peculiar ground to take, in view of the fact that Sherman has more votes than any other candidate. Messrs. Foraker and Butterworth, representing Sherman, viewed the matter in this light, and refused to agree to such an unjustifiable estimate of their favorite's chances. Blaine was stated to be an impossibility, and that it was the duty of the committee to consider some other candidate. After repeated ballots a vote of seven for McKim of Ohio was obtained. Objections were raised to him that he was not strong enough to beat Blaine, and that he had placed himself in the same position as Blaine, by stating that afternoon in the convention that he was not a candidate. It was finally agreed to report two names, and McKim and Allison were then adjourned for deliberation.

The Blaine boomers, who have been keeping themselves on hand with great difficulty, now claim that they have given birth to the leading aspirants what they call a "fair show" to capture the nomination, and say that they cannot now be expected to wait any longer. It is probable that the full strength of the Blaine movement will be brought out in the first ballot on Monday. The Blaine men are very confident, but, on the other hand, there are a great many delegates who are very determined that Blaine shall not be re-elected through. The situation is at present intensely pregnant and interesting. Tomorrow's ballot will be looked for with almost painful eagerness throughout the Union.

Since the above was written, New York has announced its intention of voting for Blaine tomorrow. Foraker has stated that a portion of the Ohio vote will go the same way, and Senator Sherman has telegraphed instructions to the Ohio delegation to use their judgment in voting, without considering him. An attempt will probably be made to combine on McKim, with what success remains to be seen.

A Dark Horse.

Is he a Buckeye, and is his name McKim? There are pointers in that direction, if we can credit the telegraphed reports from Chicago.

William McKim, Jr., "Bully," for short, as the boys of "Ours" used to delight to call him—has had an honorable and brilliant public career for a man only 44 years old.

At 17 he became a soldier. Entering the army as a private in 1861, he served with courage and fidelity throughout the war in one of the most gallant of the great conflict—the Twenty-third Ohio Infantry—and left the service in 1865 with the rank of captain and brevet major. His war service embraced the first campaign of Rosecrans in West Virginia in 1861, where he campaigned on the Kanawha, New and Gauley Rivers, and fought at Carnifex Ferry and in various minor actions with the enemy in their mountain strongholds in that region. In 1862 he followed his command deep into the enemy's country, was at Sewall Mountain, Parisburg and Princeton, and at Flat Top Mountain till August, when his division was transferred to the Potomac at the critical juncture in the affairs of McClellan's army on the peninsula. He was present in the great battles of South Mountain and Antietam, and later returned with his command to the Kanawha country, where the regiment wintered. In 1863 he was found again campaigning in Southwest Virginia, and in July of that year was on the celebrated Morgan raid through Southern Ohio. In 1864 he participated in Crook's and Hunter's campaigns against New River Bridge and Lynchburg, where all the troops of the command performed the most arduous service, and at one time, enveloped in the hostile mazes of the Alleghenies, without supplies, and two hundred miles from their base of operations, found themselves on the ragged edge of starvation. Returning again to its old stamping-ground on the Kanawha, McKim's regiment recuperated and reorganized, and a few weeks thereafter took part in that arduous, bloody and memorable campaign in the Shenandoah, where Sheridan sent Early "whirling up the valley," recaptured the great valley which was known as the "rebel granary," and broke forever the power of the Confederacy in that quarter. During this campaign the Twenty-third participated in the actions of Cabelltown, Monocacy, Berryville, Opequan and Cedar Creek, the two last being among the greatest battles of the war and resulting in victories which shed imperishable renown upon the Union arms. In those battles the old corps fought manfully, suffered heavily, and McKim was always at his post of duty, faithful, intrepid and enduring. He served to the end of the war, having been promoted to staff positions, and was honorably discharged in the fall of 1865 with the rank of captain and brevet major.

After the war he was for four years Prosecuting Attorney for Stark county, Ohio. In 1876 he was elected to Congress from the Eighteenth Ohio District, and has been repeatedly re-elected, his service in the House covering nearly six terms. He rapidly rose to honorable prominence in that body, and for many years has been recognized as a debater of skill and force, especially upon the tariff question, upon which he is a leader, if not the leader, of his party in the lower branch of Congress.

PERSONALLY, Maj. McKim is a genial and lovable man, to whom his friends and companions are fondly attached. He is straight, solid and firm built, carries a large, two-story Websterian head symmetrically poised on a pair of square shoulders, and has a smooth-shaven face, honest eyes and a frank, candid, bonhomie manner.

McKim is a promising dark horse, and should Presidential lightning strike him, he would be found a winning candidate, for he is a man of large capacity, unswerving integrity, untarnished honor, proved patriotism, and full of that sort of pluck that the American people admire. He is, in short, first-class Presidential timber.

As we anticipated, the tactics of the Blaine boomers, in professedly giving each candidate a chance, while taking care to prevent his election, are beginning to react against the man who is not a candidate. Friends of the anti-aspirants are inclined to combine against Mr. Blaine in self-defense. The stamped scheme has been so thoroughly discounted that it is not likely to work. When it comes down to facts, Mr. Blaine himself has been given a very fair show for the Republican nomination.

McKIM's earnest and manly refusal to be made a candidate as long as Sherman is in the field was highly creditable to him. His words were not susceptible of several interpretations. The faithful and gallant soldier predominates over the politician in McKim's make-up.

NEW YORK has decided to vote for Blaine tomorrow. New York is a sort of orphanless mother, having lost its favorite son Depew. The other delegations, which have favorite sons, will not drop them so easily as some volatile prophets predict.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE PAVILION.—A good house filled the Pavilion at the second rendition of *Patience*. There was considerable unanimity in the legs of the "Dragon Guards" and the esthetic maidens were more gracefully pensive than before. The pretty duet, "Willow Waly O," and the beautiful quartette in the first act were received with great enthusiasm, as they deserve to be, and the conversational hits with which the text is filled were fully appreciated.

Patience again tonight, and on Monday *The Masquerade*.

UNABLE TO UNITE.

[Continued from First Page.]

Missouri—Alger 13, Allison 1, Blaine 1, Gresham 1, Harrison 3, Sherman 2 (one delegate absent).
 Nebraska—Alger 3, Blaine 5, Gresham 3, New Hampshire—Alger 1, Allison 1, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 2.
 New Jersey—Alger 3, Gresham 2, Harrison 2, McKim 4, Sherman 2.
 North Carolina—Alger 6, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 1.
 New York repeated on roll-call—Alger 3, Allison 1, Blaine 8, Harrison 59, Sherman 11.
 Ohio—Sherman 46.
 North Carolina (poll demanded)—Alger 6, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 1.
 Oregon—Blaine 1, Gresham 4, Harrison 1.
 Pennsylvania—Harrison 7, Sherman 53.
 Rhode Island—Alger 3, Gresham 2, Sherman 6.
 South Carolina—Alger 10, Harrison 2, Sherman 6.
 Tennessee—Alger 9, Allison 1, Blaine 4, Harrison 2, Sherman 8.
 Texas—Alger 3, Allison 1, Blaine 1, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 2.
 Virginia (Poll demanded)—Alger 3, Allison 1, Blaine 1, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 10.
 Vermont—Harrison 2.
 West Virginia—Alger 1, Blaine 3, Gresham 2, Harrison 3, McKim 2, Sherman 2.
 Wisconsin—Gresham 2, Harrison 20.
 Arizona—Alger 2.
 Dakota—Alger 3, Gresham 1, Harrison 4, Sherman 3.
 Idaho—Alger 1, Harrison 1.
 Montana—Alger 1, Gresham 1.
 The convention then proceeded to another ballot. The second ballot of the day and the fifth of the convention resulted:

Fifth Ballot.
 Sherman..... 234
 Harrison..... 213
 Alger..... 135
 Allison..... 98
 Blaine..... 87
 Gresham..... 87
 McKim..... 45
 Nebraska—Alger 14.
 New Mexico—Alger 15.
 Colorado—Alger 3, Allison 6, Gresham 5, McKim 1.
 Delaware—Alger 1, Blaine 1, Gresham 1, Sherman 3.
 Florida—Alger 5, Harrison 2, Sherman 2.
 Georgia—Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 2.
 Illinois—Gresham 4, Harrison 39.
 Indiana—Gresham 1, Harrison 39.
 Iowa—Alger 36.
 Kentucky—Alger 5, Blaine 1, Gresham 3, Harrison 3, Sherman 2.
 Kansas—Alger 2, Blaine 4, Gresham 3, Harrison 3, McKim 1.
 Louisiana—Alger 3, Allison 2, Gresham 3, Sherman 3.
 Maine—Alger 3, Allison 5, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 1.
 Maryland—Alger 4, Harrison 6, Sherman 6.
 Massachusetts—Alger 4, Allison 3, Blaine 4, Harrison 1, McKim 1, Sherman 15.
 Michigan—Alger 26.
 Minnesota—Alger 3, Blaine 1, Gresham 5, Harrison 7.
 Missouri—Blaine 2, Gresham 10, Harrison 3, McKim 1, Sherman 1 (one delegate absent).
 Nebraska—Alger 2, Allison 1, Sherman 3.
 New Hampshire—Alger 1, Sherman 2.
 New Jersey—Gresham 2, Harrison 4, McKim 6, Sherman 12.
 Nevada—Alger 4, Allison 2.
 New York—Alger 6, Allison 1, Blaine 6, Harrison 58, Sherman 11.
 North Carolina—Alger 9, Harrison 2, Sherman 11.
 Ohio—Sherman 46.
 Oregon—Blaine 1, Gresham 4, Harrison 1.
 Pennsylvania—Harrison 7, Sherman 53.
 Rhode Island—Alger 3, Gresham 2, Sherman 6.
 South Carolina—Alger 10, Harrison 2, Sherman 6.
 Tennessee—Alger 9, Allison 1, Blaine 4, Harrison 2, Sherman 8.
 Texas—Alger 3, Allison 1, Blaine 1, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 2.
 Virginia—Alger 3, Allison 1, Blaine 1, Gresham 1, Harrison 2, Sherman 10.
 Vermont—Harrison 2.
 West Virginia—Alger 1, Blaine 3, Gresham 2, Harrison 3, McKim 2, Sherman 2.
 Wisconsin—Gresham 2, Harrison 20.
 Arizona—Alger 2.
 Dakota—Alger 3, Gresham 1, Harrison 4, Sherman 3.
 Idaho—Alger 1, Harrison 1.
 Montana—Alger 1, Gresham 1.
 Washington—Alger 3, Gresham 2, Harrison 1.
 Utah—Alger 2.
 Wyoming—Sherman 2.

As soon as the result had been announced, Gresham moved that the convention be taken until 4 o'clock this afternoon. The motion was seconded by Duffield of Virginia. On behalf of New York, Senator Sherman moved that the convention be immediately proceeded with. When Missouri was reached, it was so evident that the motion would be carried that Senator Sherman withdrew his motion for the adjournment, and the convention adjourned until 4 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention Adjourns Without Choice.

CHICAGO, June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The unsuccessful balloting at this morning's session had the effect only to intensify the interest in the proceedings of the convention when called to order after recess. The galleries were filled early, and in the space reserved for delegates the hum of conversation was incessant.

Hardly had the gavel of the chairman fallen upon the desk when Mr. King of Maryland moved that the convention adjourn until 11 o'clock on Monday morning. The chairman ordered the roll of States to be called.

Illinois, when reached, asked to be passed. The first big vote against adjournment came from Indiana. She voted solidly "No," and Michigan also voted "No." California voted solidly for adjournment.

NOW THE VOTE TOLD.

Now the vote was as follows:
 Alabama, yes 16. No 4. Arkansas, yes 14. California, yes 16. Colorado, yes 6. Connecticut, yes 6. No 4. Delaware, yes 2. No 4. Florida, yes 8. Georgia, yes 23. No 1. Illinois, yes 37. No 7. Indiana, no 3. Iowa, yes 36. Kansas, yes 27. Kentucky, yes 16. Louisiana, yes 12. Maine, yes 12. Maryland, yes 14. No 2. Massachusetts, yes 14. No 13. Michigan, yes 26. Minnesota, yes 14. Mississippi, yes 12. Missouri, yes 14. No 2. Nebraska, yes 19. Nevada, yes 4. No 7. New Hampshire, yes 7. No 1. New York, no 72. North Carolina, yes 9. No 1. Ohio, yes 12. No 10. Oregon, yes 34. No 8. Pennsylvania, yes 55. No 5. Rhode Island, yes 6. No 1. South Carolina, yes 16. Tennessee, yes 17. No 4. Texas, yes 35. Vermont, yes 18. Virginia, yes 10. No 14. West Virginia, yes 1. No 9. Wisconsin, yes 4. No 18. Arizona, yes 2. Dakota, no 10. District of Columbia, yes 2. Idaho, no 1. Montana, yes 2. New Mexico, no 2. Utah, yes 2. Washington, yes 2. No 4. Wyoming, no 2. Total, yes 456. No 312.

A LUDICROUS SLIP.

When it was apparent that the motion to adjourn prevailed, a delegate from Alabama arose and inquired whether railroad tickets which had expired would be extended. In response, the chairman, whose voice was still weak directed the secretary to state that tickets would be good until the convention adjourned sine die, and when the secretary by inadvertence, spoke about "passes" being renewed, the convention realized the ludicrousness of the slip, and applauded and laughed vigorously. The chairman then announced the vote, and the convention adjourned.

INGALLS' IDEA.

The Kansas Senator on the Chicago Convention.

CHICAGO, June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The news prints the following letter, in fac simile, which says it was received by a member of the Kansas delegation:

VICE-PRESIDENTIAL CHAMBERS,
 WASHINGTON (D. C.), June 18.

Yours of the 15th at hand. It does not make much difference who is nominated, in

my judgment. The candidates will cut but a small figure in the fight. We can elect anybody, or we shall fail. The least conspicuous, and therefore, the least complicated man, will be the best—somebody like Hayes in 1876. In the end, the man who has not one "leader," no one whose personal or historical relations to the past would make a difference of a thousand votes, is the man to elect. Sherman, McKim, and Allison, Harrison, etc., have records that would be awkward on the tariff, the currency, the Chinese question, etc. Depew's connection with railroads, etc., and corporations would be a heavy load, especially in the agricultural States. We mislead ourselves for Blaine. Instead of being able to judge much better than I what is better, after consulting with the delegates, I have the use of wires during the convention, by the courtesy of the company, and you can therefore judge me fully at all times if anything of interest transpires. Yours truly,
 JOHN J. INGALLS.

THE DAY'S RESULTS.

DELEGATES DISGUSTED WITH ELKINS' TACTICS.

An Organized Revolt Against Blaine Openly Threatened—The Opponents of the Maine Man Trying to Combine—McKim's Chances Growing.

CHICAGO, June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The fifth ballot closes with the situation showing Blaine against the field. There was a narrow escape from a Blaine stampede in the convention at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Depew, who was responsible for the Harrison combination, which on yesterday gave such promise, today added the failure of that movement and declared himself for Blaine. Instead of getting the nomination this morning, Harrison was forced to the utmost of his strength and compelled to fall back confessedly beaten. Harrison's friends are all very indignant at the manner in which he has been treated, and claim that a mere pretense was made of giving him a hearty support, and that from the first it was intended by Elkins and his colleagues to permit the Hoosier's nomination. They are in an ugly mood to-night, and while confessing their favorite's defeat, have no plans for the future. Probably they will swallow their disappointment with as good grace as possible, and play for second place on the ticket.

ELKINS' PROGRAMME.

Elkins' programme of beating the regular candidates one after another, and thus preparing the way for Blaine as a finality, which has previously been described in these dispatches, is being successfully carried out. Sherman fell by the wayside yesterday, and Harrison was beaten today.

Senator John Sherman telegraphed the four Ohio delegates-at-large on Friday evening that they could exercise their judgement concerning future operations. Today he telegraphed more explicit relief of all pledges to him.

ELKINS' EAST.

Elkins claims that a large majority of the convention is for Blaine, and says that Blaine can be nominated at any time he gives the word. Other figures are not so favorable to Blaine as these, and ex-Senator Platt, a Blaine man, has a list of reliable Blaine delegates prepared by his lieutenants after a personal canvass, and it contains the names of 423 persons, a bare majority of the delegates.

This afternoon's adjournment without ballot was at first put down as an anti-Blaine victory, but the fact is that the convention is in a deadlock. There are good reasons for believing that Depew's abandonment of Harrison was arranged to be the signal for a Blaine stampede, but it is the policy of the Blaine forces to aid all efforts to secure delay. They say that they are in no hurry to nominate Blaine, and want all other candidates to have as good a chance and as much time as their friends may ask for. They take this position because it is their desire not only to nominate Blaine, but to nominate him in such a manner as will not have the appearance of riding over other candidates.

A REVOLT AGAINST BLAINE.

Many visitors, disgusted with the manipulation of the convention, which brings an adjournment without an attempt to transact business, are leaving the city, and if the feeling of antagonism among the delegates continues to grow another man than Blaine may yet be nominated before the people.

Elkins says there is no chance of Blaine's acceptance of the nomination.

A vigorous effort will be made between this and Monday morning to bring the convention to a close, and the adjournment will be decided on until tomorrow night. The present outlook is that Allison or Gresham or McKim will take the lead.

The adjournment tonight is that Blaine will be nominated on Monday, possibly after a conference with representatives of the defeated candidates, and that a letter or telegram from Blaine will be read.

ALLISON, GRESHAM OR McKIM?

Three men are talked of as being strong enough to beat the Elkins combination for Blaine. They are Gresham, Allison and McKim. The last named has made a fine impression upon the delegates, and is now chairman of the Platform Committee, and for his fidelity to Mr. Sherman. A conference of about 40 friends of the three candidates was held at the parlors of the Grand Pacific today. A subcommittee composed of two delegates friendly to each of the candidates reported in favor of all three, and the committee, and McKim withdrawing from the contest, and concentrating their forces, first on Allison, and if he cannot win, on McKim. The California delegates were represented at the conference, and an effort was made to induce that delegation to vote for Blaine. The California delegates refused to do so, taking the position that their candidate, Blaine, had a clear majority of the delegates, and while this was the case it would be folly to consider any other man.

The whole committee refused to sanction the report of the subcommittee, and the matter was dropped until Monday. Further conference is to be held, and it is hoped to formulate some sort of a programme before the convention shall have assembled on Monday morning. The friends of justice and fair play are taking the position as the strongest man on whom the opposition to Blaine can unite. They claim that the California delegates are the most available candidate, and that nearly the whole of Indiana will vote for him. He is for Sherman, and if Allison and Sherman will join the movement, Blaine may be beaten.

GRESHAM NOT WITHDRAWN.

Among the many rumors of withdrawal this evening, none obtained more ready credence than that which announced the retirement of Judge Gresham from the convention. Senator Farwell, chairman of the Illinois delegation, was seen this evening and questioned concerning the rumor. He said:

"You can say for me, and I think for the entire delegation, that Judge Gresham has not withdrawn, and that no such move is in contemplation. We shall enter the contest on Monday morning as ready to vote for him as ever, and any reports to the contrary are false."

"Will there be any defection from Gresham?"

"None that we have heard of. You can say that we have begun the fight, and consequently are not going to quit. I know of no contingency which could cause Illinois to desert its present candidate."

Senator Clark, who is delegate-at-large, reiterated what had been said by Senator Farwell. At the same time he admitted that a split had occurred between Blaine and McKim.

OHIO STILL FOR SHERMAN.

Congressman Butterworth was questioned concerning the rumor that Senator Sherman might be withdrawn. He said: "We have heard nothing of the kind. Sherman is not a candidate."

"Could a condition arise that would cause Ohio to go for him as second choice?"

"We will withdraw if Sherman."

"Is it true that Gov. Foster is ready to desert the Sherman banner for that of Blaine, and that he will vote with several of the delegation for Blaine?"

"As I haven't seen Gov. Foster, I could not say; but I am prepared to say there is nothing in it."

A MEAN ACT.

The Californians are exceedingly angry over a thing that happened last evening. A Republican at St. Louis sent the delegation a portrait of Blaine with a magnificent floral frame. This was taken to the convention hall, covered with flowers, and placed in one of the galleries, ready to be brought out when Blaine should be nominated. Some time yesterday the sergeant-at-arms of one of the delegations went down and pitched it inconspicuously into an adjoining alley, breaking it. When the Californians discovered it they were very indignant, and Col. Raymond took the opportunity to make his mind publicly and in forcible language on the subject.

THE LATEST.

FORAKER ABANDONS SHERMAN'S CAUSE.

And Goes Over to the Blaine Camp—Other Ohio Delegates Still Stick to Sherman—Wisconsin Will Give Her Vote to McKim.

CHICAGO, June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] At midnight Blaine's managers are very confident that their candidate will be nominated on the second ballot taken on Monday. They say, however, that they are in no hurry about it, as they are sure that the result they desire will be brought about eventually.

The subcommittee appointed by the conference of friends of the different candidates held another meeting tonight, at which all the gentlemen who were at the previous meeting were present, with the exception of Senator Hoar. The situation was fully discussed, but nothing of importance was done beyond the appointment of a committee of two to confer with the New York delegation and report to the committee tomorrow afternoon.

At a meeting of the New York delegation tonight, that State, by a vote of 63 to 7, decided to vote for Blaine on Monday. The Californians are highly elated over the outlook for the success of their candidate, and the nomination of Blaine, if accomplished, will be due to their persistent efforts.

HERE AND THERE.

Grand Ceremonies Planned by William II

On the Opening of the Reichstag and at His Coronation.

Emperor of Norfolk Wins the American Derby at Chicago.

Gen. Sheridan Still Progressing Toward Recovery—Proceedings in the House—Death of a Noted Lady in New York—Heat and Sunstroke.

By Telegram to The Times.

BERLIN, June 23.—[Copyright, 1888, by New York Associated Press.]

The opening of the Reichstag on Monday promises a magnificent scene worthy of the supreme importance of the occasion. The Emperor has personally revised the programme, and given directions for an elaborate ceremonial, such as, for special splendor and brilliancy, has not attended the opening of the Reichstag since the first session of that body in March, 1871. All the German federal princes have been invited to attend. The Regent of Bavaria, King of Saxony, Prince William of Wurttemberg and the Grand Duke of Baden and Hesse will be present. The canopy and hangings of the throne are of silk of golden colors. The canopy will be surrounded by imperial eagles and crowns. The Emperor will enter surrounded by a retinue of federal sovereigns and princes of the royal blood. The Emperor having taken his seat on the throne, the federal princes and hereditary princes will station themselves on a dais on the right side of the Emperor, and the princes of the blood and other princes will be on the left. The Emperor will be seated on a dais before the Emperor. When the members of the imperial family are placed, Count von Moltke will propose three cheers for the Emperor. Thereupon Prince Bismarck will present a manuscript of the speech from the throne to the Emperor, who will proceed to read it. After the ceremony a court dinner will be given, at which all the royalties and leading diplomats will be present.

The opening of the Landtag on Wednesday will also be celebrated with considerable pomp in the White Hall, where the Emperor will take the oath to uphold the Prussian Constitution.

The coronation of the Emperor will take place at Koenigsburg on October 18th. About the same time the autumn military maneuvers will be opened on an extensive scale, culminating in the celebration of the accession of the new monarch, when William will crown himself and his consort, Queen Augusta.

Prussia. These and other preliminary labors of his reign reaching far into the autumn are held to be important factors to retard the outbreak of war.

Prince Bismarck is making arrangements for a meeting between Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph and King Humbert. The Crown Prince of Austria will come to Berlin in August.

NOTES.

PARIS, June 23.—The Ministerial Council decided it impolitic to rescind the decree of expulsion against the Due d'Aumale.

LONDON, June 23.—All parties in the Commons are urgently whispering in members for division on Morley's motion in regard to administration of the Crimes Act. Division will take place Tuesday.

LONDON, June 23.—Gladstone and party left Melrose for Dalkeith this morning. The weather is very pleasant.

VIENNA, June 23.—The Austrian Delegation today adopted the budget of the minority of foreign affairs without debate.

LONDON, June 23.—Minnie Hawk sang in Covent Garden this evening. She was presented with a gold watch, the gift of a nobleman.

WASHINGTON.

Gen. Sheridan's Condition Hopeful—Proceedings in the House.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] There are no important changes to be noted in Gen. Sheridan's condition since the last report. He rested well last night, and notwithstanding the heat, passed a comfortable day. His pulse continues strong, though irregular. His respiration is more even.

IN THE HOUSE.

In the House Mr. Belmont of New York presented the bill introduced by him to give effect to the Chinese treaty. The only amendments are a provision taken from the Morrow Bill, taking effect upon the ratification of the treaty, and wiping out the section allowing six months during which Chinese may return upon certificates.

The report was unanimous. Mr. Morrow consenting to the amendments.

MISCELLANEOUS.

After a struggle, the Public Buildings Committee took the floor, and Mr. Dibble of South Carolina called for the Senate bill for the construction of a building at Portland. By amendment the amount was reduced to \$55,000.

The whole afternoon was spent in an effort to get a quorum.

Mr. Gladstone, from the Committee on Commerce, today reported favorably a bill appropriating \$25,000 for lights and signals at Ballast Point, San Diego, Cal.

The following statement in regard to the purchase of land for the new canal at April 17th was prepared at the Treasury:

Amount purchased: Four, \$18,250,700; Five, \$8,300,000; Total, \$26,550,700.

Four, \$23,188,800; Five, \$8,362,200; Total, \$31,551,000.

Cost at maturity: Four, \$32,136,660; Five, \$8,637,529; Total, \$40,774,189.

Arrangements for the celebration of the purchase of the land for the new canal by the committee of the Democratic National Committee will be received by President Cleveland at 3 p.m. next Tuesday, and the committee will leave for Columbus Wednesday, and notify Judge Thurman of his nomination on Thursday.

The Secretary of the Treasury accepted \$35,100 4 per cent. registered bonds at 125.

A pension has been granted to Jacob Covey of Los Angeles.

THE RACES.

The Record Broken at Sheephead Bay—Exciting Scene.

NEW YORK, June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] It was a day of big sport at Sheephead Bay today. The record was broken in the fourth race by Terra Cotta, who ran a mile and a furlong in 1 minute and 53 seconds. This is a quarter faster than the record made by Rosalie with only 80 pounds, while Terra Cotta carried 134 pounds. It was an exciting event, and when McLaughlin rode up to the stand on the winner a wreath of roses was thrown around the jockey's neck. Cheer after cheer was given, and for a short time people were wildly excited. It was in this race that Linden pulled up lame, having stumbled when coming in to the stretch. Every seat in the grand stand was occupied and the space in front was crowded with people.

Three-quarters of a mile—Cousin Jeems won, Fitzroy second, Grimaldi third. Time 1:15.

Mile and a furlong—Bella B. won, Anomaly second, Golden Reel third. Time 1:57.

Three-quarters of a mile—Diablo won, Tenny second, Sam Wood third. Time 1:53.

Mile and a furlong—Terra Cotta won, Friend second, Linden third. Time 1:54.

Mile and three furlongs—Belvidere won, Leleges second, Brother Ban third. Time 2:22.

Mile on grass—Cambysses won, Tattler second, Lancaster third. Time 1:43 1/2.

THE EMPEROR WINS THE DERBY.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Fully 30,000 people went to Washington Park this afternoon to

see the American Derby run. There was great interest, notwithstanding that it had been discounted ever since the list of probable starters was first given, and as Emperor of Norfolk was regarded as a sure winner, unless the track was very muddy. He did not disappoint his backers. The field which started was the smallest that ever ran in this event. The odds on Baldwin's pair were almost prohibitive, 1 to 5 being offered at the start. Pinkerton was offered 3 to 1; Falcon, 8 to 1; The Lion, 10 to 1; White, 12 to 1; The Chevalier, 20 to 1. Place betting was 3 to 2 against Pinkerton; 3 to 1, Falcon; 4 to 1, The Lion and White, and 8 to 1, The Chevalier. There were no place odds on the Emperor. There was a good start, with Los Angeles slightly in the lead. White quickly forged ahead, and set out to make the running. The Emperor was too lengthy behind at the quarter. The Lion was up with the latter, and the others behind. Near the stand the Lion closed up and took third place, and soon was picking up on Los Angeles. The Emperor was coming along fourth under a strong pull. When the quarter was reached, the Lion had passed Los Angeles and was struggling with White. Baldwin's pair followed two lengths behind, up and up. Falcon came after, but the slow pace had nearly spent Pinkerton and The Chevalier when they reached the half. The Lion got a very slight lead on White, but as they swept past the three-quarters, Murphy let up, and the Emperor, with the greatest grace, came up, passed the horses in the stretch, and swept down as he pleased. Hamilton, on Falcon, tried a rush the furlong and secured place, but his efforts to catch the Emperor were in vain, and the latter came under the wire winner by a length. White finished second, Los Angeles a close third. The Chevalier, White and Pinkerton following, while The Lion came last, pulled up. Time, 3:40 1/2.

Following is a summary of the other races of the day.

Mile—Valuable won, Volante second, Macbeth third. Time 1:34.

Three-quarters of a mile—Carnegie won, Santoline second, Ortherly third. Time 1:15.

Mile and one-eighth—Birthday won, Unique second, Lela May third. Time 1:56 1/2.

Five furlongs—Monsoon won, Galena second, Chihuahua third. Time 1:03 1/2.

Deaths from Sunstroke.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Maj. Thelus, a journalist, was overcome by heat yesterday and died today.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Today 11 cases of heat prostration were reported. The heat is terrible. The mercury is rapidly nearing the hundred mark.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The thermometer at 3:30 p.m. was 93°, the highest in June for 18 years. There were 30 prostrations from heat, six fatal.

In Brooklyn there were 19 cases and one death.

Death of Lisle Lester.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Mrs. Lisle Lester, a journalist, died here today of pneumonia.

She was daughter of the late Maj. Lyman Walker of Fond du Lac, Wis., and graduated from Lawrence University in 1855.

She was well known in newspaper offices of New York and San Francisco. In 1880 she founded a dramatic magazine in this city, in accordance with her last request her remains will be cremated tomorrow at Fresh Pond.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Orange and Vicinity.

ORANGE, June 21.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] All who can get away are arranging to go camping, some to San Juan, others to Laguna, but the most popular place will probably be Long Beach.

The birds, as usual, are quite troublesome among the early fruit, and spoil a deal that would otherwise be very fine.

As the Fourth draws near, there are rumors of wedding bells, and there is at least one pretty new house which will probably be the home of a fair bride very soon.

Socials are in order this week. One, the M. E. Church social, was at the residence of Mr. Carr; the other, for the benefit of the W.C.T.U. Home luncheon, will be held at that place—the rooms—Friday, June 22d.

One of the lady from this valley, while bathing at Laguna, last week, lost her false teeth in the wild waves. Let others take warning, and save themselves from a like misfortune.

The railroad graders on the branch Southern Pacific are making the dirt fly in a very suggestive way, and the parties laying rails and ballasting keep very close to their heels, hence we conclude that excursion parties will be able to come over this line to spend the Fourth in this valley if they choose.

El Modena citizens are still wrestling with the knotty problem of school buildings for the coming "young ideas," but the subject in its details seems to get more uncertain, as time goes on, than ever.

The hardy ones expect to hold exclusive sway over the refreshment stands at our celebration. The programs are not yet out, but if anyone wants to leave city dust and heat and see the country they may be sure of finding something here worth seeing and hearing on that occasion.

Mr. Stephen McPherson, who has been spending some months in Arizona returned home last Saturday. He was accompanied by his brother from Eastern New York. J. A. F.

Valuable Precious Metal Finds.

ACTON, June 14.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] Some of the richest copper ore ever known is now being taken out of the old copper mines, which are located about one and a half miles southwest of Acton, and have been idle since 1870. A new vein has been struck and such rock would set any of the older mining States wild. New veins or ledges of gold assayed at \$200 per ton have been struck. The new roller quartz mill of the Red Rover Mining Company is nearly up and will make things lively when completed.

Respectfully, N.

Yuma Braves.

[San Diego Sun.]

San Diego has a few citizens and residents that very rarely put in an appearance at the county seat. Their is no direct rail line connecting our beautiful city by the bay with Ft. Yuma, and the traveled road is not a path of roses. In fact, there are about 150 miles intervening that reflect only glistening piles of white sand, with an occasional oasis where a drop of brackish water may be had to quench the burning thirst.

An emigrant party has just arrived from San Diego over this route. They reside at Ft. Yuma, in this county, and consist of two Yuma braves, with their squaws and a numerous progeny. Physically they look none the worse for wear—in fact, they seem to have flourished on the little water and mesquite beans to be obtained on this romantic trip. They have, however, forsaken the frontier; and, strange as it may appear to some civilized people, are looking for work. They are willing to do any honest work to make their bread and butter. Where people have been accustomed to live upon lizards, scorpions and rattlesnakes, this quest indicates a luxurious and civilized disposition.

The braves look picturesque in their long, black hair, and have kindly intelligent faces. One of them wears a string of beads through his nose, as the Indians fastened on a calf. If they do not find work in lower California, they will go out to the ranches in El Cajon and elsewhere and ask for labor in the vineyards.

FIERCE FLAMES.

The Town of Holbrook, Ariz., in Ashes.

Many People Made Homeless—Provisions All Destroyed.

The Losses Reach Far Up Into the Thousands.

Other Pacific Coast News—An Oregon Convict Shot and Killed by a Prison Guard—Sealing Race Won by a San Franciscan Near Victoria, B. C.

By Telegram to The Times.

HOLBROOK (ARIZ.), June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] At 3 o'clock this afternoon fire started in the southwest portion of town, destroying the entire business part, including the Atlantic and Pacific depot, section-house and a large number of cars. The loss is not less than \$300,000. The fire is still burning, but is under control.

The fire originated in the wool warehouse belonging to H. M. Scores. From spontaneous combustion. Among the property destroyed are the wool warehouse and 10,000 pounds of wool belonging to T. V. Kearns; the Holbrook House and contents, F. M. Zuck, proprietor; the Atlantic and Pacific depot and section house; the Apache Hotel, A. M. Boyer, proprietor, with its entire contents; two cars of bonded Government merchandise, 12 empty foreign Atlantic and Pacific freight cars; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s office in the Atlantic and Pacific depot lost but little. Considerable local freight was burned with the depot. The approximate loss of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company is \$50,000.

A strong wind blew from the southwest. The fire was so furious that people lost trunks, clothing and bedding. The estimated loss on buildings and contents belonging to citizens is not less than \$100,000. No lives were lost, although there were several narrow escapes. To-night the town is a mass of smoking ruins. With the exception of part of a carload of flour, belonging to A. and B. Schuster, no provisions of any kind are left in the town. The Arizona Lumber Company, of Flagstaff, tenders a donation to the destitute of \$100.

A CONVICT KILLED.

A Guard Shoots Him Under Orders From the Warden.

PORTLAND (OR.), June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] William Mansfield, a convict in the State Penitentiary at Salem, was shot and killed by John Whitney, a guard, this morning. Mansfield, who was a desperate character, complained of being ill this morning, and was sent to the hospital. The warden concluded that he was only feigning sickness, and told him to return to work. Mansfield refused to do so, and Warden McKinnon was called. The prisoner defied the warden, and the latter ordered Guard Whitney to cover Mansfield with a rifle. After several attempts to place handcuffs upon the prisoner, the warden ordered Whitney to shoot, which he did, the ball taking effect in his abdomen. Mansfield lived but half an hour. The Coroner's jury exonerated the officers.

THE OAKSMEN.

Peterson of San Francisco Defeats Paine of Victoria.

VICTORIA (B. C.), June 23.—[By the Associated Press.] The race at Shawinigan Lake between Peterson of San Francisco and Paine of Victoria took place this afternoon and resulted in an easy victory for the San Franciscan. He caught the water first, giving him a lead of several feet, and at the first half mile he was over a length ahead. He gradually forged ahead, pulling a long stroke, 32 to the minute. Paine pulled a quicker stroke, but with less effect. When a short distance from the mile and a half buoy, Peterson took his ease and finished four lengths ahead, in 32:34. The race was witnessed by about 1500 people. Nearly \$30,000 changed hands on the event.

New Excursion Rates.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—Officials of the Santa Fe road received word today from W. A. Bissell, general western agent, now at St. Paul, that the St. Louis and San Francisco and Santa Fe companies have induced the Transcontinental Association to adopt the same round-trip rates for the eastbound excursion business as are now in effect on westbound trips. The new rates will take effect on the 1st of August. The rate to the Missouri River and return will be \$50; to the Mississippi River \$2, and to Chicago \$100. Tickets will be good six months. The single rate now in force for the same route is \$60, St. Louis \$67, and Chicago \$72.

The Graham Trial.

SANTA CRUZ, June 23.—The Graham murder case closed today with the reading of a letter alleged to have been written in 1884 by Mrs. McCusker, formerly Mrs. Graham, a sister of Bennett's, confessing that the Bennetts conspired to kill Graham, that the mother of the Bennetts stole money from Capt. Graham and wanted his wife to poison him. Two witnesses testified that this letter was not in the handwriting of Mrs. McCusker. Arguments begin on Monday.

Stockmen Ordered Off.

SAN MARCEL (N. M.), June 23.—Wilson Waddingham, owner of the Armandito grant, which comprises a large area of Socorro county, today issued a notice to stockmen demanding removal of 75,000 head of cattle now grazing on the grant. As the drought has been general stockmen consider this a severe blow.

A Stage Robbed.

CALISTOGA, June 23.—The Lakeport stage was stopped today about 2:30 o'clock by one man near the Bradford mine, in Lake county, about 13 miles from this place. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box was taken. As far as known the passengers were not disturbed. This occurred at about the same place as the recent robbery on the same route.

Large Fire at Sierra Vista.

TRUCKEE, June 23.—The entire business portion of Sierra Vista, except one store, was destroyed by fire early this morning. Loss is over \$40,000, insurance \$7000.

Guilty of Manslaughter.

NEVADA, June 23.—The jury in the case of William Keyes, on trial for the murder of John Payton at Boca, returned a verdict of manslaughter last night.

BASE-BALL.

Games Played Yesterday in the East and West.

DETROIT, June 23.—The Wolverines outplayed the Indianapolis team today, and won with ease. Score: Detroit, 13; Indianapolis, 2. Batteries: Conway and Bennett for Detroit; Shreve and Buckley for Indianapolis.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—The home team did miserable work in the field, and so was defeated. Score: Philadelphia, 6; New York, 7. Batteries: Casey and McGuire for Philadelphia; Keefe and Slattery for New York.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The home team hit Morris's delivery very hard today, and won without a struggle. Score: Chicago, 12; Pittsburgh, 1. Batteries: Borchers and Farrell for Chicago; Morris and Healy, pitchers, and Carroll catcher for Pittsburgh.

BOSTON, June 23.—The home team won with ease on Washington's errors. Score: Boston, 8; Washington, 3. Batteries: Sawyer and Tink for Boston; Whitney and Mack for Washington.

STOCKTON, June 23.—The Stocktons out-

played the Havercys today both in the field and at the bat, and won by a score of 7 to 3.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—Pioneers, 10; Greenhood & Morans, 3.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—Baltimore, 10; Cleveland, 3.

BROOKLYN, June 23.—Brooklyn, 4; Athletics, 3.

KANSAS CITY, June 23.—Kansas City, 6; St. Louis, 3.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—Louisville, 10; Cincinnati, 10. Called on account of rain.

The Transcontinentals.

ST. PAUL (MINN.), June 23.—The Transcontinental Association today adjourned to meet in Chicago next Thursday. The rates on canned goods from the coast have been made to conform to the requirements of the interstate law.

Tony Hart Insane.

WORCESTER (MASS.), June 23.—Tony Hart has been committed to the Lunatic Asylum. The superintendent says the affection is paresis and incurable.

The Weather.

SIGNAL OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, June 23.—At 4:07 a.m. today the thermometer registered 62° at 12:07 p.m., 70° at 7:07 p.m., 64°. Barometer for corresponding periods, 29.90, 29.91, 29.88. Maximum temperature, 78°; minimum temperature, 61°. Weather, fair.

HEALING WITHOUT MEDICINE.

Arise and Walk.

"I say unto thee, arise, take up thy bed and go thy way unto thine house, and immediately be arose, took up his bed, and went forth before them all."

Most forcibly were spectators reminded of this passage of scripture while the states in the Masonic Hall in this city, yesterday morning as they saw one after the other of the lame, blind and halt seek the powerful aid and mighty touch of Dr. Evans. What his gift of healing is or what power he possesses cannot, perhaps, be satisfactorily explained; but the senses of seeing and hearing cannot be denied, and those who were present saw the strange and wonderful things happen which are now related.

A very old gentleman, who was laid upon his state, stated that he was totally blind for fourteen years, and that he was rapidly recovering his sight, and described the people in the audience as proof of his statement.

The next patient presented was a gentleman who stated that the Doctor had treated him but four times for chronic catarrh of the head and throat; also almost total deafness of eight years' standing, and had cured his catarrh perfectly and had restored his hearing.

Then came a lady, who stated that she was a complete invalid from partial paralysis of the arms; also a constant neuralgia of the head, spine and limbs for four years; that she had received but three magnetic treatments from the Doctor, and was today a well woman.

The next and most interesting of all was that of a very frank, honest-looking young man, who stated that he could not hear the loudest tone of voice when he came to the Doctor ten years ago, and that now he can hear the faintest whisper. And thus the morning was spent in relating the glad tidings of restored health at the Doctor's hands. On account of the throng of patients at the hall at the Hollenbeck Hotel, Dr. Evans has been compelled to discontinue his daily free treatments at the Masonic Hall, 234 South Spring street, but he will treat the poor free of charge above hall every day, commencing morning from 10 to 11 o'clock, where all are invited to attend and witness those wonderful cures performed. Dr. Evans can be consulted at the Hollenbeck Hotel from 9 a.m. till 6 p.m. every day for a few weeks longer, excepting the hours devoted to the poor on Monday mornings. Consultation in all cases free.

Card from H. J. Nolan & Co.

LOS ANGELES, June 23.—Referring to an article published in the Times on the 21st inst., headed "A Landlady Outlet," etc., we make the following statement:

On or about the 1st of March M. J. Meredith placed in our hands for sale the furniture located in a small lodging-house located at No. 216 West Fourth street. A day or two later a woman calling herself Mrs. Johnson came to our office in search of a small lodging-house. Having the above place on her books, and believing at the time it to be the best-paying place, for the amount of money, we had at the time, the woman above mentioned was driven to the place, and purchased the same of Mr. Meredith, paying him \$200—\$50 down and giving him one promissory note, secured by chattel mortgage on the furniture, for \$150, payable in 30 days from date. The rest of the house was to be \$25 per month, payable monthly in advance. After Mrs. Johnson occupied the premises about six weeks she was notified by the agents, Messrs. Dobinson & Fairchild, that her rent had been raised to \$15 per month, and their object for raising the rent was because she kept a bar and dispensed liquor, which Dobinson & Fairchild's collector swore to in court.

She then moved half of the furniture to the place on Buena Vista street, and sold the other half. The note and mortgage came due in the meantime, which she refused to pay, on the grounds that she was to have a two years' lease—something that never was mentioned in the whole transaction.

Mr. Meredith's attorneys got out a writ of replevin, and took what goods that were not disposed of. She then entered suit for a return of the goods and \$1000 damages. She stated in court that her lawyers got out a writ of replevin, and claim that amount, although she was out nothing.

We want it understood that we had nothing to do with renting the house. Dobinson & Fairchild being the agents. Neither did we have anything to do with foreclosing the mortgage.

And the honest jury, in our estimation, were a set of cranks to render such a verdict according to the testimony. M. J. Nolan & Co.

Physicians say that Hungarian food is exceedingly nourishing. It can be found at the Vienna Buffet, cor. Main and Requena streets.

Go to the American Bakery, corner of First and Main streets, for the best bread, cream cakes, pies, etc.

Electric Bells.

Hotel annunciators, burglar alarms, electric gas lighting. T. H. Rhodes, 30 South Main street.

The Vienna Buffet, with its energetic management and excellent kitchen, is the leading place in the city.

Unclassified.

SECOND LARGEST VINEYARD IN THE WORLD.

Is the famous "Natomas," on the American River, just opposite the Orange Vale Colony, twenty miles from Sacramento, California. The vine grapes are celebrated. The Orange Vale Company has for sale, in Shasta Co., 2,500 acres of equally good orchard and vineyard land, all cleared and fenced and water piped to each tract. Price, \$125 per acre, plus fruit trees and vines, \$100 to oranges, \$225. Tracts will be improved to order and cared for at a nominal cost. The Company's work is endorsed by the City and County governments of Sacramento and Colusa.

ORANGE VALE COLONIZATION CO., 214 S. Street, Sacramento, Cal.

FOSMIB & SCOTT.

SUCCESSORS TO BATES & FOSMIB.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

Corner Virgin and Castelar Sts., Los Angeles.

CLEARANCE SALE.

OF—

MILLINERY GOODS.

AT—

"The Wonder,"

12 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

AT 2 O'CLOCK AT ONE WEEK.

H. T. HAZARD, JAS. R. TOWNSEND.

HAZARD & TOWNSEND.

SOLICITORS OF PATENTS.

And attorneys in patent cases. Prepare patent office papers in all countries. The only correspondence Patent Office Library in Southern California. Copyrights, Trade Marks and Labels. Union A. Downer block, Los Angeles, Cal.

Cigarettes.



PET CIGARETTES ARE THE BEST!

CIGARETTE SMOKERS WHO ARE WILLING TO pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade cigarettes, will find the

PET CIGARETTES SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS!

They are made from the very highest cost Gold Leaf grown in Virginia, and are unequalled for their delicate aroma and rare fragrance, and are absolutely

Without Adulteration or Drugs.

ALLEN & GINTER, Manufacturers, RICHMOND, VA.

CIGARETTES ABSOLUTELY. THE BEST IN THE WORLD AT ANY PRICE.

OPTICIANS.

THE ONLY RELIABLE OPTICAL ESTABLISHMENT, 64 North Main Street.

If you have defective eyes and value them, go to the OPTICAL INSTITUTE for your spectacles and eye glasses. It is the only establishment on the southern part of this coast where they are measured on thorough scientific principles. Lenses ground to modern scientific standards to correct each particular case. No defective vision can be cured without the most complicated for us. We guarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect.

LOS ANGELES OPTICAL INSTITUTE, 64 North Main Street.

A full assortment of artificial eyes always kept on hand.

A Long Felt Want Supplied.

Oculist Optician

THE ONLY PLACE IN SOUTH-CALIFORNIA where diseased eyes and defective vision can be treated and successfully cured, and the only place where accurate perfectly fit spectacles, with lenses ground to scientific principles, can be obtained. Indorsements by the best oculists and opticians in this country and Europe.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

THE VINE WHOM LISTENED TO THE FAIRIES.

Such a lovely bud of letters—
Letters from everywhere—
The vine from a most shipwrecked
—Down by the sea—the flowers.

THE IVY VINE.

I saw a lovely ivy vine,
Which climbed up high and higher,
Until it reached the topmost point
Of the old church spire;
And the little birdie nestled
In the shadow of its leaves,
And there the busy spider
Wove its web of silver weaves.

I wonder if the ivy vine,
That is running up so high,
Does not hope that it may reach
The sun up in the sky.
May it be that the dark night comes,
And the stars shine bright,
That it sees some way—some path
That it wishes to its light.

It may be that the moonbeams,
Make there a silver line—
A cunning little silver bridge,
For the ivy to climb—
It may be that the fairies
Dance all along that vine,
And that the vine is climbing
To hear what they may say.

E. A. O.

My young friends have been so very kind this week, I think that I have nearly letters enough to fill our column. I am very glad that they enjoy writing, for what a sociable corner they make in our paper. I enjoy reading their letters as well as any one, and I feel as if every boy and girl was a special friend of mine. They are like some other and older friends that I have whom I have never seen, yet who sometimes write me beautiful letters which come like a bit of sunshine into my life and make it brighter.

Here is an interesting letter from a little girl, who lives at Pomona, and she tells us in it about the difference between California and Washington Territory, where she formerly lived. I do not wonder that she likes this land of sunshine, of fruits and flowers better than the home from which she came.

POMONA, June 17, 1888.
Dear Mrs. Otis: I live in Pomona now, but have not always lived here. My birthplace was in Washington Territory. It is an altogether different country from this. The chief occupation there is lumbering, while here it is farming and fruit-raising. The weather is cold and damp and rainy there, while here it is warm and almost constant sunshine. It is a rough, uneven country, while this is level. I do not like it there as well as I do here on account of it being so damp and rainy. It is fine sport to go boating on that lovely sheet of water, the Puget Sound. I like to see the people clear their farms. There are a great many Indians there. I have been through the Golden Gate six times and am only 11 years old. One morning when I went through it was so foggy that you could not see from one end of the vessel to the other, and all you could hear was the foghorn blowing and the waves dashing against the rocks and the seals barking, and it made me so lonesome. I hope that this will interest the boys and girls who read the MIRROR as much as their letters do me.

BELLE C. S.

Those fogs at sea are not pleasant. I was once on a shipboard, away up in the northern Pacific, and our captain wanted to enter the narrow Onimac Pass, so that we could reach the Bering Sea. But the fog was so dense that we lay drift outside for a day or two, and when at last the fog lifted a little we made our way in through the rocky gateway, but instead of making for the beautiful harbor at Onalaska the ship by mistake entered another inlet and just escaped going to pieces upon the rocks. There was a lively time among the sailors for a few minutes, but they finally got the ship about, and after a time the great wall of fog lifted, and just as the sun was going down the ship dropped her anchor in the harbor. It seemed delightful to be ashore again, even in that far northern clime.

SANTA MONICA, June 12, 1888.

Dear Mrs. Otis: I came down to Santa Monica soon after I wrote my last letter. My mother could not sleep in Los Angeles lately. Mamma called it insomnia, whatever that big word means. Mamma says every lady should come here who cannot sleep. Listening to the ocean at night makes her sleep like a top, and I am glad, for she is nervous when she does not sleep for a week. When I was down on the beach this morning I saw a great crowd of men pulling a net full of little fish, and mamma told me that was the way that people caught fish when Jesus was on earth, and one time Jesus was so sorry for the poor fishermen, because they worked all night for nothing, that he filled their nets so full they could not pull them. I think some of the men wish the Lord Jesus was here now. I have good times every day with my little Spanish friend. She came from South America, and she plays on the piano like a grown-up girl. She is 12 years old this month. Her name is Maria Rigaud. I made a nice sand house with Leo, our servant-girl. She is so nice, and when she is on the beach with me we build such fine ones. Yesterday we made a house with a piazza and windows. I go in bathing whenever mamma does, and when she does not go in I go and paddle in the surf with my dress pinned up. My feet and hands are getting so brown I am as black as a daisy. I wish all my little friends in Los Angeles would come out here. The next time I am in town I will come to see you. Good-by. From your little friend.

PAULINE AGNES RYDER.
You may be sure that I shall be very happy to have you come and see me, and I hope that you will not forget your promise to do so. I should be delighted to become acquainted with everyone of my boys and girls. I am glad to hear again from my little friend who lives on the sunny slopes of the Sierra Madre, and she writes a very pleasant letter.

SIERRA MADRE, June 18, 1888.
Dear Mrs. Otis: I have not written for such a long time I thought I would write again.

We have two apricot orchards, and in each orchard there are three trees with ripe apricots.

Saturday I went to a picnic in Millard's Canyon. It is lovely there. I found some wild tiger lilies there, the first wild ones I have seen since I came to California. There is a nice cañon back of our house and lots of ferns and wild flowers.

If ever you come to Sierra Madre I wish you would come to see me. School is going to let out tomorrow, which is Tuesday.

I must say good-by for this time. JESSIE GREGORY.

Thank you, little friend. If I ever visit Sierra Madre I should have to come and see you. And let me add that if you ever come to Los Angeles I should be very glad indeed to have you come and see me.

BERRY CREEK (Holt's Co.), June 14.
Dear Mrs. Otis: The MIRROR wrote for the MIRROR was printed some time ago, but I neglected to write before, so

I will write now. I read the boys' and girls' letters in the MIRROR and enjoy them very much. And every week we get the Toledo Blade, Sacramento Union, Oroville Register and Mercury, San Francisco Examiner and Calumosa Eureka. But the MIRROR is the one I like and I go for every time first. On my way to school we see all kinds of flowers, and sometimes we pick a handful for the teacher. She thinks flowers are very pretty. I think tame roses are about the prettiest flowers there are. There are a good many kinds of roses. One day my father was making shakes about a quarter of a mile from our house, and by the shakes tree was a live oak with a hummingbird's nest in it. There were two little ones in it. The old one had a red topknot and green wings. A little hummingbird comes into our flower garden and sucks honey from the red honeysuckles. Most every day I see him there. One day when I was up home a little hummingbird flew into the parlor where my mother was. It flew on the hanging-basket on the window. My mother caught it and then let it go again. There are a good many wild canaries here, and they sing very beautifully. I have twin sisters, and their names are Belle and Daisy. They are 10 years old. They go to school all the time. The teacher says that he will have to put a plaster on the end of Belle's nose to tell them apart. But Belle says she knows how to tell them apart—put a pretty ribbon on her neck. I will close now. Good by. Yours truly,

OLIVE DAY.

We are glad to hear all about the birds and the flowers. It must be lovely, indeed, to live in the country. I thank you for the moss and the honeysuckle that you sent me. I shall plant the moss, and hope to have a lovely hanging-basket to remind me of the little friend whom I have never seen, but who remembers me so kindly.

BERRY CREEK, June 14, 1888.
Dear Mrs. Otis: Olive and I were very glad to see our letters in print, and will write again. We like to read the letters in the boys' and girls' column, and think your stories are very nice. We are interested in the story you are writing now. It was not in our paper this week. I sent my papa two letters, the last one a month ago, and have no answer yet. We are not very uneasy about him, for if anything had happened to him we would soon hear of it, but we are very sorry we cannot hear from him often. We have a friend, J. C. Welch, living in Colton. About a year ago he wrote to us. We answered his letter. Last March he wrote again, and sent us a photograph of himself and family. We answered that letter, and have not heard from him yet. We are always glad to hear from him, and answer his letters as soon as we get them, but it seems he does not get our letters. I hope he will see this and know we write to him.

I made my little brother a visit last Friday. We had a nice time. Every-body says he looks just like our papa. I think he is the dearest, sweetest little boy in all the world, and Willie, the orphan boy that lives here, is very nice, too. Every morning he rides a stick horse to school. Last night, coming home, he got into a fight about it. Good-by. IDA BELLE ROMER.
I am sorry that little Willie had any trouble with his "horse." Did some of the naughty older boys try to take it away from him? I hope you will soon have a nice long letter from your papa. You must be very happy, indeed, to have such a sweet little brother.

And here is another letter, and we will see what our little correspondent has to tell us.

MCPHERSON, June 17, 1888.

Dear Mrs. Otis: I was reading THE TIMES today, and the letters of all the little folks. They were real nice, and I enjoyed reading them. I am 12 years old and I go to school. I don't know whether any one that wants to write can or not, but I will try.

I have a sister and a brother. My sister is 7 years old and my brother is almost 3 months old. We take THE TIMES and I could not get along without it now.

I will not write a long letter this time, but if I write again I will. Yours respectfully,

MAUD TAYLOR.

O, yes; any one that wishes to write for our column can do so, and we shall be only too glad to give them a place in the Boys' and Girls' Column.

LOS ANGELES, June 16, 1888.

Dear Mrs. Otis: I think you were very kind to print my letter in the SUNDAY TIMES, and I thought I would write again.

How old is Mattie Glenn Sheasby? I think she writes such nice letters. I think it would be fun for us little boys and girls and our parents to have a picnic, and you, Mrs. Otis, go too and get acquainted.

Mr. Flanders is building a bonfire. It is very windy today; the sand blows so in our eyes. We have a nice view of the mountains, beginning with Old Baldy, to the Calhoun Pass. In the evening we can see the mountains very plain. Old Baldy with his snow-white cap. It seems funny to sit here and to look at it, for it is so warm here and it must be very cold up there.

Everything looks so nice, the trees and golden corn.

I can see that big hill down by the depot with the drive on the top. Oh, how I wish I could paint them. Maybe I can some time.

I go to Sunday-school. My teacher's name is Miss Carter. She is a good lady. She has gone away. They had a picnic today. I could not go. I would like to know how many of the boys and girls that work for THE TIMES go to Sunday-school?

I help my mamma with the work as much as I can.

It won't be long till the Fourth of July. Just think, firecrackers! firecrackers! Oh, I can hardly wait.

I will have to close. I will write some time again.

MAMIE YOUNG.
I like the idea which my little friend proposes. By and by let us have a TIMES-MIRROR boys and girls picnic, and we will all go and get acquainted.

E. A. O.

Unclassified.
SWANFELDT & ROBINSON,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—

TENTS
Flags, Awnings, Wagon Covers, etc.
Fancy Awnings for Residences
A SPECIALTY.
Call and write for prices.
124 E. Second St., cor. of San Pedro.

"Ring Up 666, Please!"
FOR GASOLINE AND OIL.
Syphon hose to consumers. Hunt's Oil Depot.
No. 221 SOUTH SPRING STREET.
Lubricating Oil a Specialty.
Chas. E. Conklin, Proprietor.

Furniture.
WALTON & WACHTEL.

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

FURNITURE.

OF EVERY KIND AND QUALITY,

—FROM—

THE VERY CHEAPEST TO THE VERY BEST MADE.

LARGEST STOCK

IN LOS ANGELES.

PRICES DOWN TO BEDROCK!

Special Inducements!

OFFERED TO CASH BUYERS.

214, 216 & 218 South Spring Street,

BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

Real Estate.

LAKE LAND.

IS NOW READY.

—THE MOST BEAUTIFUL TRACT—

On the Shores of Elsinore Lake!

HIGH, MESA LAND,

Commanding a view unequalled in the State. The lovely lake and smiling valley at one's feet; the near and distant mountains in the background.

BROAD STREETS, 80 FEET. LARGE LOTS, 100x200 FEET.

PRICES ONLY \$150 TO \$250.

A dozen lots already sold. Terms, one-third cash, one-third one year, one-third two years; ten per cent. A few lots together will make a fine fruit farm. Get there by driving from WILDOMAR five miles up Grand avenue, or sailing from ELSINORE two miles across the lake. For further facts apply to

ELLSINORE OR WILDOMAR AGENTS, OR TO OWNERS.

D. M. GRAHAM, C. B. JONES, WILLIAM COLLIER,
South Pasadena. Sierra Madre. Wildomar, Cal.

Hardware.

CHICAGO HARDWARE HOUSE.

B. A. BREAKER, 41 & 43 S. SPRING STREET,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE.

—LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF—

Shelf Hardware, Cutlery, Mechanics' Tools, Etc.,

—IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA—

FIRST QUALITY GOODS AT LOW PRICES.



We solicit an inspection of our stock, or inquiries for prices from dealers and others. Mail orders will receive careful attention and prompt shipments.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA

LAWN MOWER,

Guaranteed the best Lawn

Mower in use.

IN ORDER TO ACCOMMODATE THOSE WHO WERE NOT ABLE TO attend our DISPLAY OF EXHIBITS, we extend a cordial invitation to all to visit our sales rooms. Our stock is the finest and largest on the coast consisting of

All styles California Curly Redwood Mantels, Antique Oak, Antique Ash, Mahogany, byamore, Cherry, Ebonyized Walnut, Birch and Spanish Cedar

Mantels, Marbleized Iron, Slate, Bronze and Onyx Mantels, Floor Tile, Art Tile, Art Glass and Artistic Brass Goods.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY.

Los Angeles Mantel Co.
Salesrooms: Fort and Second Sts.
California Bank Building,
Factory: San Pedro and Fifth Sts.

Hotel del Coronado.
THE MOST PERFECTLY ARRANGED HOTEL IN THE WORLD.

Noted for Its Elegance and Comfort, Unique Service and Excellent Cuisine.

JULY 3. A GRAND JULY 3.
HOLIDAY EXCURSION

Will Leave the First-street Depot, Los Angeles,

Tuesday, July 3d, at 8:30 o'clock A.M.,

By the Santa Fe Special, Swift, Light train, for the

MAGNIFICENT HOTEL; del; CORONADO!

When there will be a GRAND BALL in the evening, a REGATTA and other

attractions on the 4th of July, and a wonderful display of

FIREWORKS ON THE WATER.

Tickets from Los Angeles, Pasadena and Monrovia, \$5.25, and all places south and east, \$4.25, good for five days. For sale at all Santa Fe offices.

With all this magnificent splendor, elegant surroundings, and solid comfort, the prices here are as moderate as those of an ordinary hotel, ranging from \$2 per day and upwards by the month; transients from \$2 per day and upwards, according to room.

J. H. McFARLANE, Jr., Manager.

Medical.

CATARRH, THROAT DISEASES,

ONCHITIS, ASTHMA,

CONSUMPTION,

Together with diseases of

THE EYE, THE EAR AND THE HEART.

Successfully treated by

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D., M.C.P.S.O.

HOLLENBECK BLOCK,

Corner Second and Spring streets, Los Angeles, California.

CONSUMPTION.

From consumers, "to waste away," usually

applied to the advanced stage of lung disease.

The following are prominent symptoms in

the first stage, and whenever any of them ex-

ists a thorough examination should be made,

with a view to arresting the disease as shown

to exist. There is usually a sense of wear-

iness upon a little exertion, a disposition to re-

main passive and idle, despondence, often

frigid and irregular sleep, a peculiar sensitiv-

ness to the effect of cold, and a breathlessness

upon moving quickly, or descending a hill or

stairs, a slight, hacking cough, with or with-

out expectoration, excitability upon slight

occasions, rising pains through the chest or

back, or under the shoulder blades. The

symptoms are more noticeable toward or

during the night, slight fever in the after-

noon, cold feet or hands, or in many cases,

blue lividity of the lips and roots of the

fingernails.

Constitutional or tubercular consumption is

a common form of lung disease. The progress

is slow, but if left to itself is no less sure. It

usually begins with a dry cough. At first

these tubercles are exceedingly minute, the

patient not at all suspecting their presence.

Gradually they develop into more active dis-

eases, and then follow a train of symptoms

which leaves no doubt as to its true character.

Sometimes spitting of blood or slight streaks

in the sputum is the first indication of tuber-

cular deposits, or it may be a chilly sensation

in the back, followed by more or less heat in

the palms of the hands, or an afternoon flush

on the cheeks. The slow and gradual increase

of the form of consumption, leaves the stom-

ach and appetite undisturbed for a consider-

able time. Finally, however, hectic fever and

night sweats supervene, preceded by dia-

rrhea. Then the loss of strength and flesh

becomes rapid, the chest contracts, the fea-

tures sharpen, the eye attains an unusual

brilliance, and the patient begins to realize

that he is in the last stage of confirmed con-

sumption.

Persons desiring treatment by this system

of practice can use the remedies at home as

well as at our office, and which will cause no

inconvenience or hindrance to business what-

ever.

I have seen so many of these "cases cur-

able" that I do not care to say how many. I

treat both lungs, and I have cured. Even

when the inhalations are in dissolving the

mucus and in contracting the lungs, the

cavities which nothing else can reach, with the

same success.

The very best references from those already

cured.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Those who desire to consult with me in re-

gard to their cases had better call at the office

for consultation and examination, but, if im-

possible, for advice by mail, or by letter, or by

medical literature, containing a list of questions.

Address

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D.,

Hollenbeck block, corner Second and Spring

streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

Office hours, from 9:30 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Unclassified.

Buffalo Pitts

APRON THRESHER.

BUFFALO PITTS

THRESHER

For over forty years our BUFFALO PITTS

THRESHERS have held the lead against all

others, whether Apron or Vibrating Style, and

have HONESTLY earned the reputation of do-

ing more and better work than can be done

with any other Threshers.

—FOR SALE BY—

Baker & Hamilton,

San Francisco and Sacramento.

We Buy, Sell

Exchange Property

—33 THE—

Have gilt-edged bargains always on hand at

36 South Spring street.

T. C. NARABOR & CO.

The New Paragon School Desk.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

The undersigned have this day been ap-

pointed Sole Agents for Southern California

for the sale of the "Paragon School Furni-

ture," and are now ready to quote LOW-

EST PRICES, and require a FIVE PER CENT

SCHOOL DESK.

LAZARUS & MELISS.

Educational Bookellers, Los Angeles, Cal.

Furniture.

THE PACIFIC FURNITURE CO.,

226, 228 & 230 South Main Street,

—HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ADDITION OF—

FINE AND MEDIUM PARLOR FURNITURE,

In Plush, Tapestry and Silk Coverings.

Also an Elegant Line of Fancy Tables, Sideboards,

Bookcases, etc., all of the Newest Designs.



BEST ASSORTMENT.

LOWEST PRICES.

Stoves and Plumbing.

